

TEEN BIBLE QUIZ OFFICIALS TEST

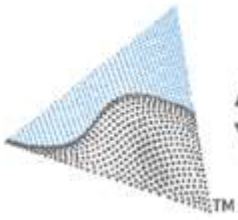
1. Can an active quizzer receive four or more individual fouls during a match?
 - a. No. There is a limit to the number of fouls a quizzer can receive.
 - b. No. Only three, because after receiving three fouls, a quizzer has “fouled out.” Once a quizzer has fouled out, then they are subject to team fouls and not individual fouls.
 - c. Yes. An active quizzer or a captain who has fouled out and is still seated at the table could receive more than three individual fouls depending on the situation.
 - d. Both answers a) and b).

2. The quizmaster should review the questions, and if an error is found on a question they are allowed to do what?
 - a. Substitute the question with one of the substitute questions of an equal or lesser point value.
 - b. Correct an incorrect Introductory Remark, a spelling error, and any reference error.
 - c. Perform a simple rewrite or rewording of a few words in the question as long as it does not change the meaning of the question.
 - d. Quizmasters are not allowed to make any changes to an official question.

3. Are Scorekeepers allowed to disclose the official score at any time?
 - a. No. They can only reveal the official score after the match has been officially closed.
 - b. Yes. If either team makes a "point of order" asking for the official score.
 - c. No. The Quizmaster and Judges should never know the score during the match because it could possibly sway them in the decision-making process.
 - d. Yes. When they are requested to do so by the Quizmaster during the match.

4. What should the quizmaster do if there is a tie after the 20th question? (Select all that apply.)
 - a. The Quizmaster will announce that the match is “officially reopened” and then declare a one-minute Time-out.
 - b. Following the Time-out, read as many ten-point substitute questions as needed in order to break the tie.
 - c. Take the unused ten-point substitute questions from the current or previous question sets and use them to break the tie.
 - d. Reread any interrupted overtime question answered incorrectly to the opposing team.

5. A quizmaster should call interruption when a quizzer interrupts:
 - a. Before the first sound of the last word of the question for any question other than a Quotation Completion Question or Essence Completion Question
 - b. During the introductory remarks
 - c. In the middle of the last word of the question
 - d. After the word “quote” in a Quotation Completion Question or Essence Completion Question.



5. A quizmaster and Judge may not check a scripture portion prior to ruling on a question to determine:
 - a. Where a verse begins and ends
 - b. The phrasing used by the quizzer to complete an interrupted question
 - c. An alternate answer given by a quizzer
 - d. Where the three-verse context begins and ends

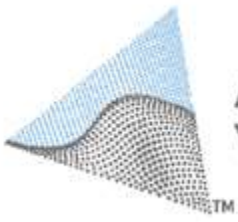
6. When answering a “Give a Complete Answer,” a quizzer may:
 - a. Give incorrect information before giving the correct answer
 - b. Only answer from within one verse unless specified otherwise
 - c. Fail to give a key word
 - d. Only quote it perfectly

7. If a quizmaster misreads a question, what should happen?
 - a. If the key words have been read, the question should be voided and a substitute question read
 - b. If the key words have not been read, the question should be reread
 - c. The judge should call “misread” if the quizmaster does not do so
 - d. All of the above

8. Which time limit is incorrect?
 - a. Quizzers have 30 seconds to complete interrupted questions and give the answer
 - b. A team has 3 minutes to prepare and present their contest
 - c. An opposing team has 30 seconds to prepare and present their response to a contest
 - d. A quizzer has 30 seconds to confer when they are ruled incorrect

9. The scorekeeper should notify the quizmaster if:
 - a. A team requests a fourth or additional team Time-out.
 - b. A team has accumulated a third or additional unsuccessful Contest
 - c. Any quizzer has answered five questions correctly, answered three questions incorrectly, or received three fouls.
 - d. All of the above

10. What should happen when a quizzer buzzes in during the opening remarks of a question?
 - a. The quiz box is reset and the quizmaster continues reading
 - b. A five-point foul is assessed to that quizzer and a substitute question is read
 - c. A five-point foul is assessed to the quizzer that buzzed in and the same question is reread
 - d. None of the above



11. For a chapter analysis question requiring individuals and/or geographical locations, which of the following would make the quizzier's answer incorrect?
 - a. Including connecting words such as "and" and "or" between answers
 - b. Mispronouncing the name or location
 - c. Giving the answers out of order as listed on the sheet (when no order is specified)
 - d. None of the above

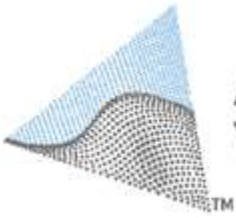
12. Which of the following would make the answer to a multiple-part quotation question incorrect?
 - a. A quizzier gives the verses out of order as listed on the page
 - b. Any word, syllable, or letter of the alphabet is omitted, repeated, added, or changed in the perfect quotation.
 - c. The quizzier proceeds to an extra verse after correctly quoting the required verses
 - d. All of the above

13. Which of the following makes the completion of an interrupted question correct?
 - a. The question given by the quizzier asks the same basic question
 - b. The question given by the quizzier agrees with the introductory remarks
 - c. The question given by the quizzier does not contain incorrect information
 - d. All of the above

14. Which of the following does not make an answer incorrect?
 - a. A quizzier fails to speak loudly or clearly enough for the Officials to hear.
 - b. Incorrect information is given before the answer is completed.
 - c. The answer was not accurately completed before time ends.
 - d. Incorrect information or irrelevant information is given after the answer is completed

15. In a scripture text question, what is the *three-verse context*?
 - a. The answer can come from any three verses
 - b. The answer can come from the verse quoted and the two previous verses
 - c. The answer can come from the verse quoted, the verse before, or the verse after
 - d. The answer can come from the verse quoted and the two following verses

16. If quizzier green 3 interrupts a question, and quizzier red 2 starts to answer, what is the proper procedure to follow?
 - a. Stop quizzier red 2, give red 2 a foul, and reread the question in its entirety to the green team.
 - b. Stop red 2 and re-identify green 3
 - c. Give the red team a foul
 - d. Give quizzier red 2 a foul



17. A question asks a quizzer to give in essence Acts 10:6, which states "He is staying with Simon the tanner, whose house is by the sea." The quizzer answers by quoting directly from the second half of Acts 10:32 "...He is a guest in the home of Simon the tanner, who lives by the sea." Should the quizzer be ruled correct or incorrect?
- Correct. The information is not significantly different than the required answer and does not contain clearly incorrect information with a different meaning.
 - Incorrect. The quizzer is not allowed to say any words not contained in the required answer.
 - Correct. Quizzers are allowed to give any other verses as long as they eventually get the correct answer out.
 - Incorrect. The quizzer gave obvious information from another verse.
18. Who is allowed to initiate a contest without receiving a foul? (Select all that apply)
- The captain on either team
 - Active Quizzers
 - Middle School head coaches
 - A-level head coaches
19. If a quizzer interrupts after the word "quote," but before the last word of the question, the Quizmaster should call interruption for which type of question(s)? (Select all that apply)
- Quotation Completion Question
 - Scripture Text Question
 - Essence Completion Question
 - A Statement and Question that has the word "quote" in the statement